The HYCON® CLIPON is available for arch sizes .018" x .025" and .022" x .025".

The following color marking of the elastics is to be observed in the choice of each quadrant:

a) **Yellow**: upper mandible right/lower mandible left.

b) **Black**: upper mandible left/lower mandible right.

**Characteristics and Concept**

The threaded (screw type) mechanism permits exact activation in small steps at intervals. Thus it allows to apply intermitting forces. The device's high potential force rules out friction as a factor, thus permitting the use of a strong straight arch wire (Recommended arch wire dimension: .021" x .025" with .022" slot technique.)

Consequently the tooth movement very closely approaches the bodily type providing maximum torque control.

**Preconditions for the HYCON® CLIPON**

- Straight arch technique, i.e. no bends that could prevent the arch from sliding into the molar tube.

- Leveling and aligning must be completed with a heavy, straight, rectangular steel wire installed. The teeth should be grouped into blocks, normally two lateral and one front, with the defined spaces each distally from the front block. The teeth of the front block should be laced with a figure 8 ligature wire. In addition, (elastic) ligatures should be used to hold the archwire to the front block teeth.

**Preparing the HYCON® CLIPON**

The tension wire (minimum .012" ligature wire), is bent into a “U” shape (Fig. 2a), inserted from the outer side into the two holes of the wire linking attachment (Fig. 2b), then pulled through and bent sharply in the direction of the tension. (Fig. 2c)

**Inserting the HYCON® CLIPON**

The HYCON® CLIPON is held using a Weingart plier such that the slot-shaped mouth shows horizontal to the plier jaws and towards the exterior. Note: Apply only enough pressure on the pliers to hold the HYCON® CLIPON!

Holding the HYCON® CLIPON without pressure - clip in open state (yellow arrow) Fig. 3a -3c magnified x 1.

The slot of the HYCON® CLIPON is pushed over the archwire from the buccal side until the slot is fully loaded. Only now increase pressure with the plier until the locking mechanism closes and clicks into place.
01 Placing the HYCON® CLIPON onto the arch

1st Possibility: Distally of the first molar, in the case that the first and second molars are banded and are connected by a strong steel arch.

Fig. 5: Attaching the HYCON® CLIPON onto the arch - distally from the first molar.

2nd Possibility: In case the second molar is not banded, the HYCON® CLIPON has to be placed mesially to the first molar and connected with a ligature to the molar attachment.

Fig. 6: Attaching the HYCON® CLIPON onto the arch, mesially to the first molar.

NEVER ATTACH THE HYCON® CLIPON TO A FREE STANDING END OF THE ARCH

Correct position Incorrect position

Fig. 7a correct position Fig. 7b incorrect position

02 Avoiding Occlusion Interference - HYCON® CLIPON

The HYCON® CLIPON is to be inserted in accordance with the color code (see point 1). The HYCON® CLIPON should not cause any interference in the occlusion. In general: the thin wall of the clip slot always has to show towards the occlusal side. In the case of minor occlusal interference one can reduce the points of contact with a suitable bur on the occlusal side of the clip.

03 Connecting the HYCON® DEVICE

The tension wire connects the screw with the tooth or group of teeth on the other side of the space.

Connecting Option 1: The tension wire is fastened to the eye of a Kobayashi ligature (Fig. 8). This can, if necessary, simultaneously be used to stabilize the front group of teeth by means of a figure 8 ligature.

Fig. 8: Connecting the tension wire by means of a Kobayashi ligature.

Connecting Option 2: Preferably in the case of individual tooth movement, e.g. in the event of distalisation of the canine tooth, the tension wire can be ligated directly onto the bracket or on the power hook. Fig. 9

Fig. 9: Distalisation of a single tooth (canine)

Connecting Option 3: The tension wire may also be connected directly to the arch, e.g. posted arch wires (Fig. 10), or Gurin Hook. In this respect, care is to be taken that the arch, in the course of activation, remains centered in the medial line. Fig 11.

Fig. 10: Ligature wire attached to power hook of posted arch
Anchorage units. Activating the HYCON® has an effect on both sides of the space. The additional use of means of anchorage (intermax. elastics, headgear, palatal bar) enables the orthodontist to control anchorage, in order to reduce or neutralize the effect of the HYCON® on the side of the space where little or no tooth movement at all is required.

08 Activation of the HYCON®

Using the small safety screwdriver which comes with the set, the patient usually activates the HYCON® about every three to four days by turning it clockwise.

The HYCON® has to be activated in 2 steps.

First step: To reduce the slack of the connection wire the patient should turn the screw clockwise until they feel a slight tension.

Second step: The patient then has to turn the screw for the given amount. Please refer to page 15 for details on activation guidelines.

A practical hint for the patient.
When tightening the device with the safety screwdriver, the patient should simultaneously stabilize the tension wire with a finger nail to prevent it from twisting.

09 Reactivation

If there is still a space left after working the complete range of the screw, it is necessary to unscrew the device and to re-tighten the tension wire accordingly.

10 Anchorage Control

An inherent advantage of the method of space closure involving the HYCON® is that there is less strain upon

11 Use of the Safety Screwdriver

In order to prevent lateral slippage the HYCON® safety screwdriver has a protective sheath around the blade.

Fig 13. Frontal view of the HYCON® safety screwdriver

In order to activate the HYCON® the safety screwdriver first has to be placed over the head of the screw.

Fig 14. Placement of the HYCON® safety screwdriver

The safety screwdriver is turned until its blade clicks into the groove on the screw head of the HYCON®

Fig 15. To lock into place turn the safety screwdriver clockwise.

Finally the activation of the HYCON® can take place.

The direction of rotation is indicated by an arrow on the screw driver grip.
12 Practical Hints - HYCON® DEVICE

Retraction and Intrusion of the Maxillary Front Block
In case a combined retraction and simultaneous gentle intrusion of the upper front teeth is desired, it is recommended to bend an intrusion step right distally of the brackets from the lateral incisors. One should start with a slight intrusion step in an .016 x .022 wire (.022 slot system) and increase archwire dimension and intrusion steps subsequently. Thus, with an.019x.025 or 21x25 intrusion archwire inserted one will reach the desired closure of the spaces simultaneously with a gentle working intrusion.

Maximal Anchorages
In situations in which a maximum of anchorage is required (mostly in the upper jaw), it is recommended to distalize the canines first. In this case the incisors should be laced with a figure 8 ligature wire (e. g.) while the connecting wire of the HYCON® is ligated to the canine only.

In a second step, the incisor block can be retracted as explained above.

Space Closure and Midline Correction
In case of a dentoalveolar shift of the midline and resulting asymmetrical spaces, it is recommended to lace a front block with a figure 8 Kobayashi ligature, with the eye pointing to the wider space, that is, the side to which the midline should be corrected. First, the HYCON® is applied to this one side only, until the midline shift is roughly corrected. Then, the HYCON® is applied on the other side as well.

Minor corrections in the mid-line can be completed by asymmetrical activation.

Maximum Anchorages
In situations in which a maximum of anchorage is required (mostly in the upper jaw), it is recommended to distalize the canines first. In this case the incisors should be laced with a figure 8 ligature wire (e. g.) while the connecting wire of the HYCON® is ligated to the canine only.

In a second step, the incisor block can be retracted as explained above.

Stabilization after Space Closure
With space closure completed as desired, it is recommended to keep the result stable and passive for some time, depending on the amount of completed tooth movement and the related adaptation of soft tissue.

Activation by the patient
When tightening the device with the screwdriver, the patient should simultaneously stabilize the connecting wire with a fingernail to prevent it from twisting.

### HYCON ACTIVATION GUIDELINES

#### CLINICAL CRITERIA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLINICAL CRITERIA</th>
<th>ANCHORAGE SITUATION OF CASE PRESENTED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• RECIPROCAL SPACE CLOSURE</td>
<td>• RECIPROCAL SPACE CLOSURE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• ANCHORAGE DEMAND: NONE</td>
<td>• ANCHORAGE DEMAND: LITTLE*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(EQUAL BLOCKS ADJACENT TO SPACE)</td>
<td>(DIFFERENT BLOCKS ADJACENT TO SPACE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• ADOLESCENT PATIENT</td>
<td>• VITAL ADULT PATIENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• OPTIMAL TISSUE RESPONSE</td>
<td>• NORMAL TISSUE RESPONSE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• NO PERIODONTOSIS</td>
<td>• NO/LITTLE PERIODONTAL ISSUE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 full turns per week [3 full turns per week]</td>
<td>2 full turns per week [3 x 1/2 turn per week]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Important instruction to be given to the patient.

**Note:** Generally two step activation is required.

**Preactivation:** To reduce the slack of the connection wire the patient should turn the screw clockwise until they feel a slight tension.

**Actual activation:** Only turn the screw in accordance with the instructions given by the orthodontist. (According to the above directions)

**IMPORTANT - THE HYCON FUNCTIONS PAINLESSLY**

Disclaimer: Please be advised this activation guideline can not take the place of the orthodontist expertise and visual inspection.

The ADenta Companies:


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